MISSISSIPPI ANNUAL COOL-SEASON FORAGE CROP

VARIETY TRIALS, 2024

Information Bulletin 589 • December 2024



MISSISSIPPI'S OFFICIAL VARIETY TRIALS



MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY MS AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY EXPERIMENT STATION

NOTE TO USER

This Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station Information Bulletin is a summary of forage research intended for the use of colleagues, cooperators, and sponsors. The interpretation of data presented herein may change after additional experimentation. The information included herein is not to be construed either as a recommendation for use or as an endorsement of a specific product by Mississippi State University, the Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, or the Mississippi State University Extension Service.

This report contains data generated as part of the Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station. Joint sponsorship by the organizations listed on Page 15 is gratefully acknowledged.

Trade names of commercial and public varieties tested in this report are included only for clarity and understanding. All available names (i.e., trade names, experiment code names or numbers, chemical names, etc.) and varieties, products, or seed sources in this research are listed on Page 15.

Mississippi Annual Cool-Season Forage Crop Variety Trials, 2024

MAFES Official Variety Trial Contributors

Joshua White

Forage Variety Testing Manager Department of Plant and Soil Sciences Mississippi State University Starkville, Mississippi

Brett Rushing

Associate Extension/Research Professor MAFES Coastal Plain Branch Experiment Station Mississippi State University Newton, Mississippi

This document was approved for publication as Information Bulletin 589 of the Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station. It was published by Agricultural and Natural Resources Marketing.

Copyright 2024 by Mississippi State University. All rights reserved. This publication may be copied and distributed without alteration for nonprofit educational purposes, provided that credit is given to the Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station.

Find variety trial information online at *mafes.msstate.edu/variety-trials*.



Mississippi Annual Cool-Season Forage Crop Variety Trials, 2024

INTRODUCTION

Varieties of several forage crop species are evaluated every year in the Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station's (MAFES) small-plot forage trials. Entries are provided by seed companies as well as forage and breeding programs at state universities. Experimental and commercially available varieties are tested at one or more locations across Mississippi.

All entries from privately-owned companies are tested on a fee basis. Some varieties may be added by the MAFES forage variety testing program as a reference for comparison purposes. In addition, varieties of interest may also be added when applicable. Testing was conducted at the following locations: MAFES H. H. Leveck Animal Research Center Forage Unit (Mississippi State campus), MAFES Black Belt Branch (Brooksville, MS), MAFES Coastal Plain Branch (Newton, MS) and the USDA Plant Materials Center (Coffeeville, MS).

Data presented in Tables 2-17 are used to evaluate the performance of each forage crop within its respective trial. Mean and harvest comparisons were statistically evaluated by using the least significant difference (LSD) test at the probability level of α = 0.05. The LSD value represents the minimum amount of dry matter (DM) yield (Ib/A) that must be observed between any two varieties to determine if the difference was due to the variety's performance alone. Sources of seed are presented in Table 18.

PROTOCOL

Annual ryegrass, small grains, and annual clover trials across the state were established between October and November of 2023. At all locations, soil samples were taken and analyzed by the Mississippi State University Soil Testing Laboratory. Trial areas were amended with lime and fertilized with phosphorus (P_2O_5) and potassium (K_2O) according to the soil test recommendations for individual species. Grass trials were additionally fertilized with 50 lb N/A at planting and after the 1st harvest using urea (46-0-0). Entries were planted in 6 x 10 ft plots using an ALMACO (Nevada, IA) precision cone seeder on a prepared seedbed.

The trial design was a randomized complete block replicated four times. The seeding rates used are presented in Table 1 using pure live seed (PLS). Individual trials were harvested when 75% of the plots achieved 15 inches of growth. All plots were harvested to a three-inch stubble height using a Winterstieger Cibus F (Winterstieger AG, Ried, Austria) equipped with a forage plot harvester reel type header that collected a 4.8 ft x 10 ft swath to calculate the total yield.

A subsample was collected and dried at 130°F until a constant weight was achieved to calculate DM concentration. Subsamples were then ground to pass through a 1-mm screen using a Wiley mill (Thomas Scientific, Swedesboro, NJ). Forage nutritive value was estimated using a Foss DS2500 NIR (FOSS, North

Table 1. R cc	ecommended seeding ool-season forage crop	g rates for os.
Туре	Species	lb/A PLS
Annual Grasses	Rye	100
	Oat	100
	Triticale	100
	Ryegrass	30
Annual Clovers	Arrowleaf	10
	Berseem	25
	Balansa	4
	Ball	3
	Crimson	30
	Persian	8

America, Eden Prairie, MS) and applying the legume or grass hay equation developed by the NIRS Forage and Feed Testing Consortium (Berea, KY). Forage nutritive value included Acid Detergent Fiber (ADF), Crude Protein (CP), lignin, Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF), Insoluble Crude Protein (Insol CP), and Water-Soluble Content (WSC). Data were analyzed using the General Linear Model (PROC GLM) of SAS and mean separation was conducted using LSD at α = 0.05.

ANNUAL RYEGRASS VARIETY TEST

INTRODUCTION

Annual ryegrass is the most relevant and versatile cool-season annual grass for livestock producers in Mississippi. In pasture and hay systems, annual ryegrass is a popular forage because of its ease of establishment, high nutritive value, high yielding potential, good reseeding ability, and adaptability to a wide range of soil types. Annual ryegrass can be established in pure stands or mixed with small grains and/or clovers for cool-season forage production. For these reasons, annual ryegrass is a staple for many cool-season grazing programs in Mississippi.

Recommended planting dates vary by location but usually fall between September to mid-October for prepared seedbed or late October if overseeded on a warm-season perennial grass pasture. Seeding rates are 30 lb/A for pure stands and 20 lb/A for mixtures with small grains and/or clovers. Annual ryegrass is responsive to nitrogen fertilizer and its use should be split into two applications for grazing systems. Reasonable productivity can be expected from November to May in the southern part of Mississippi and February to May in the northern part of Mississippi. Annual ryegrass should normally be allowed to reach an initial height of at least 10 inches before grazing begins.



RESULTS

Total forage yields averaged 7178, 6953, and 8411 lb/A at Coffeeville, Brooksville, and Newton, respectively (Tables 2, 3, and 4). Forage yields were greater in 2024 than previous years due to a delayed first harvest at most locations. Drought conditions in the fall gave ryegrass a slow start forgoing the usual winter harvest across the state. Forage nutritive value was only analyzed from the Brooksville and Coffeeville locations. In Brooksville, average CP in ryegrass was 26 and 13% of the DM for the first and second harvest (Table 5). Conversely, lignin and fiber fractions increased substantially with the second harvest. Fiber fractions (ADF, Lignin, and NDF) were affected by varietal differences unlike CP, which was relatively consistent among entries. A similar trend was observed in Coffeeville between the first and second harvest; however, forage NDF and ADF were affected by variety in the second harvest (Table 6).

Table 2. Annual ryegrass production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Coffeeville, MS.										
	Harves	st Date								
Variety	4/5/24	5/2/24	Total Yield							
	(lb/A)	(lb/A)								
Centurion	4385	3339	6628							
Ranahan	5056	3254	7046							
Big Boss	5174	3581	7461							
Ed	4812	3859	7468							
Frost Proof	5368	3540	7566							
SELWTGA	5524	3670	7814							
Gulf	4390	3956	7249							
SELWTJUCK	4436	3523	6851							
Mantis	5232	4131	8055							
SELWDMACK	4185	3504	6643							
SELWTDWL1	3861	3508	6404							
SELWD19-12	4215	3478	6639							
SELWT19-9	3382	2957	5493							
Trinova	4267	3500	6700							
Verdure	5977	3986	8469							
Earlyploid	4358	4062	7330							
Prine	3218	3775	6189							
Marshall	4334	3840	7090							
Angusta	4846	3802	7437							
Andes	4668	3012	6513							
Credence	4355	3299	6565							
Flying A	4234	3160	6336							
Winterhawk	4984	3554	6046							
Diamond T	4829	4187	7809							
ТАМТВО	5593	3351	7546							
Triangle T	5626	3736	7956							
Double Diamond	5109	4300	8132							
Alisca	4537	4080	7483							
Diplomat	4518	4800	8188							
Jackson	5351	3486	7500							
Nelson	4842	5156	8787							
ME-94	5306	3585	7564							
ME-4	4657	3396	6889							
WMWL	3189	4097	6488							
WMWL-2	3534	3540	6191							
Lonestar	4229	3892	7063							
More	5718	4080	8369							
Tetrastar	5557	4000	8168							
MSU ARGHT	4629	4395	7867							
Bruiser	4632	3075	6549							
Rival	3765	3663	6488							
Cold Green	4666	3470	6970							
Sweet T	5233	4052	6668							
MEAN	4669	3736	7178							
LSD 0.05	NS	869	NS							
CV, %	24	16	17							

Planted: 10/20/23; Fertilizer: 50 lb N/A (33-0-0S) after planting and after the 1st harvest; Herbicide: 1 qt/A of GrazonNext® (aminopyralid & 2,4-D) after the first harvest; Soil Type: Gernada Silt Loam.

Table 3. Annual ryegrass production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Brooksville, MS.										
	Harves	st Date								
Variety	3/13/24	5/1/24	Total Yield							
	(lb/A)	(lb/A)								
Ranahan	2661	5214	7875							
Big Boss	1991	5670	7662							
Ed	2149	5151	7300							
FrostProof	2538	4930	7468							
SELWTGA	2111	5261	7372							
Gulf	1540	4517	6057							
SELWTJUCK	2068	4908	6976							
Mantis	1487	5294	6781							
SELWDMACK	1349	4770	6119							
SELWTDWL1	1644	6301	7944							
SELWD19-12	2612	4213	6824							
SELWT19-9	1997	6215	8212							
Trinova	2063	4992	7055							
Verdure	2038	3476	5513							
Earlyploid	2130	5032	7162							
Prine	1953	4699	6652							
Marshall	1726	4946	6672							
Angusta	2271	5026	7296							
Andes	2486	5846	8333							
Credence	2270	5224	7494							
Flying A	1853	4161	6014							
Winterhawk	2443	3961	6403							
Diamond T	1868	5185	7053							
ТАМТВО	1808	5274	7081							
Triangle T	2131	5846	7977							
Double Diamond	1630	5120	6750							
Alisca	1292	6587	7879							
Diplomat	966	4350	5316							
Jackson	1141	4688	5829							
Nelson	1946	4419	6365							
ME-94	1695	5125	6820							
ME-4	1412	4994	6406							
WMWL	2089	5801	7889							
WMWL-2	1857	4919	6776							
Lonestar	2230	4850	7080							
More	1417	4606	6023							
Tetrastar	1737	4904	6641							
MSU ARGHT	1784	4754	6538							
Bruiser	1779	5199	6978							
Rival	1379	5125	6504							
Cold Green	1770	4949	6719							
Sweet T	2332	6184	8516							
MEAN	1902	5051	6953							
	NS	1396	NS							
CV %	40	19	24							
		13	27							

Planted: 10/25/23; Fertilizer: 50 lb N/A (33-0-0S) after planting and after the 1st harvest; Herbicide: 1 qt/A of GrazonNext® (aminopyralid & 2,4-D) after the first harvest; Soil Type: Silty Clay.

Table 4. Annual ryegrass production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Newton, MS.											
	Harves	st Date									
Variety	4/5/24	5/2/24	Total Yield								
	(lb/A)	(lb/A)									
Centurion	4398	2961	7360								
Ranahan	5244	3664	8908								
Big Boss	4798	3187	7985								
Ed	4856	4846	9703								
FrostProof	4818	4448	9266								
SELWTGA	5554	4253	9807								
Gulf	5991	3728	9719								
SELWTJUCK	4106	2913	7020								
Mantis	5664	4178	9842								
SELWDMACK	3568	3872	7440								
SELWTDWL1	5668	3880	9548								
SELWD19-12	5453	4681	10134								
SELWT19-9	3042	4318	7359								
Trinova	4935	2634	7568								
Verdure	4459	3407	7866								
Earlyploid	6201	3865	10066								
Prine	4502	4601	9103								
Marshall	5244	3666	8910								
Angusta	4755	3581	8336								
Andes	4159	4330	8489								
Credence	5962	3698	9659								
Flying A	5240	3350	8590								
Winterhawk	4921	4698	9619								
Diamond T	5068	3572	8640								
ТАМТВО	3168	4022	7190								
Triangle T	3232	3264	6496								
Double Diamond	4467	3015	7482								
Alisca	3510	2620	6130								
Diplomat	4597	4237	8834								
Jackson	3743	3964	7707								
Nelson	3815	3902	7717								
ME-94	3876	4612	8488								
ME-4	1628	3845	5473								
WMWL	3134	4057	7191								
WMWL-2	4950	4047	8997								
Lonestar	4896	3838	8735								
More	4121	3758	7879								
Tetrastar	5900	3931	9831								
MSU ARGHT	3834	4581	8415								
Bruiser	4515	3544	8060								
Rival	4685	3786	8471								
Cold Green	3107	3733	6840								
Sweet T	6334	4474	10808								
MEAN	4561	3850	8411								
LSD 0.05	NS	NS	NS								
CV %	35	28	26								

Planted: 10/27/23; Fertilizer: 50 lb N/A (33-0-0S) after planting and after the 1st harvest; Herbicide: 1 qt/A of GrazonNext® (aminopyralid & 2,4-D) after the first harvest; Soil Type: Prentiss Sandy Loam.

	Table 5. Forage Nutritive value of ryegrass varieties harvested in Brooksville, MS.													
						Harv	est Date)						
			3/	/13/24					!	5/1/24				
Variety	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	wsc	Insol CP	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	wsc	Insol CP		
			1	<u>.</u>			% DM		<u>I</u>		1	I		
Centurion	23	2	25	41	9	14	34	4	15	56	8	10		
Ranahan	24	3	25	41	9	16	36	4	15	59	7	9		
Big Boss	25	3	26	42	7	16	35	4	14	59	8	9		
Ed	23	2	27	42	9	15	34	4	15	58	8	9		
FrostProof	22	2	28	41	8	15	36	5	15	60	7	9		
SELWTGA	20	1	29	38	10	15	35	5	15	58	7	9		
Gulf	24	3	27	40	9	15	35	5	14	60	8	8		
SELWTJUCK	23	2	27	39	9	15	35	4	14	58	9	9		
Mantis	22	2	27	40	9	16	36	4	14	58	8	9		
SELWDMACK	19	2	29	35	11	16	35	4	14	59	9	9		
SELWTDWL1	21	2	26	37	12	14	35	4	11	58	10	7		
SELWD19-12	22	2	27	40	9	16	36	5	14	60	7	8		
SELWT19-9	23	3	27	40	8	15	36	4	11	58	11	7		
Trinova	23	2	27	39	9	15	36	4	13	60	8	8		
Verdure	22	2	27	40	9	15	37	4	12	62	7	8		
Earlyploid	24	2	25	42	9	15	34	4	15	57	8	9		
Prine	20	2	27	36	11	15	35	4	14	58	9	9		
Marshall	19	1	28	37	11	14	33	4	15	56	9	9		
Angusta	21	2	27	39	10	15	37	4	12	59	8	8		
Andes	25	2	25	43	8	15	36	5	15	59	6	10		
Credence	21	1	27	39	9	14	35	4	15	58	8	9		
Flying A	23	3	26	39	9	15	35	5	14	60	7	8		
Winterhawk	20	1	27	39	10	13	37	5	15	60	7	9		
Diamond T	19	1	26	36	13	13	36	5	13	59	8	9		
ТАМТВО	20	1	27	37	12	12	34	4	15	57	9	9		
Triangle T	21	1	25	39	11	15	35	5	14	57	8	9		
Double Diamond	20	1	26	37	12	14	37	5	12	61	8	8		
Alisca	18	1	28	36	12	15	35	4	14	56	9	10		
Diplomat	24	2	26	42	9	13	36	5	14	59	8	9		
Jackson	19	1	28	36	12	13	34	4	14	58	9	9		
Nelson	23	2	26	43	9	14	38	5	13	60	7	9		
ME-94	20	1	26	38	12	13	34	4	14	57	9	9		
ME-4	18	1	27	35	14	14	33	4	14	57	10	9		
WMWL	20	1	27	37	12	15	36	5	13	59	8	8		
WMWL-2	18	1	27	36	13	14	36	4	13	60	8	8		
Lonestar	22	2	26	41	10	14	37	5	13	61	8	8		
More	20	1	26	37	12	14	36	4	12	57	9	8		
Tetrastar	20	1	27	38	11	14	38	5	12	61	7	8		
MSU ARGHT	19	1	27	38	11	13	37	5	12	61	9	7		
Bruiser	21		26	40	11	13	36	5	14	59	8	9		
Rival	18		28	34	13	15	39	5	11	62		/		
Cold Green	22		26	41	10	14	35	4	15	56	8	10		
Sweet I	22		26	40	10	14	34	5	16	56	7	10		
	21	2	2/	39		14	36	4	14	59	8	9		
	4	70	NS c	NS O	4	NS o	NS c	NS 14	NS 17	NS c	11	NS 10		
	11		o I	9	19	ő	0	14	17	o	11	ıδ		

Table 6. Forage nutritive value of ryegrass varieties harvested in Coffeeville, MS.													
						Harv	est Date)					
			3/	/13/24				-		5/1/24			
Variety	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	wsc	Insol CP	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	wsc	Insol CP	
		1	1	I	1	<u></u>	% DM	1	I	I	I	I	
Centurion	28	2	16	50	13	9	32	4	14	51	11	9	
Ranahan	29	2	16	49	13	9	34	5	16	52	9	10	
Big Boss	30	2	15	52	12	9	34	4	15	53	9	10	
Ed	26	1	17	47	14	10	32	3	14	54	10	9	
FrostProof	28	2	16	50	13	9	34	4	15	55	9	9	
SELWTGA	28	2	15	48	14	9	31	3	16	50	11	9	
Gulf	28	2	15	49	14	9	38	6	13	62	6	9	
SELWTJUCK	27	2	17	47	13	9	34	5	15	53	9	10	
Mantis	26	1	17	45	14	10	34	4	16	55	8	9	
SELWDMACK	27	2	15	48	15	8	29	3	16	49	12	10	
SELWTDWL1	27	2	17	47	13	10	35	5	16	54	8	11	
SELWD19-12	24	1	21	44	11	13	34	5	16	53	8	10	
SELWT19-9	27	2	16	46	14	9	33	4	17	52	8	11	
Trinova	27	2	16	47	14	9	34	4	18	53	8	12	
Verdure	27	2	17	47	13	10	32	4	17	53	9	11	
Earlyploid	29	2	14	50	14	8	34	5	17	55	8	11	
Prine	27	2	16	47	15	9	31	4	15	49	12	10	
Marshall	25	1	15	44	16	8	30	3	14	50	13	9	
Angusta	28	2	17	47	12	9	33	4	15	53	10	9	
Andes	27	1	18	47	12	10	34	4	14	53	10	8	
Credence	25	1	19	45	13	11	32	3	18	51	9	10	
Flying A	30	2	15	51	12	8	34	5	16	54	8	10	
Winterhawk	27	2	16	47	14	9	37	4	13	58	8	8	
Diamond T	28	2	15	46	15	9	34	4	15	54	10	10	
ТАМТВО	28	2	15	50	13	9	35	6	15	55	8	10	
Triangle T	29	2	14	49	13	8	35	4	14	53	9	9	
Double Diamond	27	2	17	48	13	9	34	5	16	54	8	11	
Alisca	27	2	16	45	13	9	34	4	15	54	9	10	
Diplomat	27	2	15	47	15	9	34	4	15	55	9	9	
Jackson	28	2	16	48	13	9	34	5	14	55	10	9	
Nelson	29	2	16	50	12	9	33	3	14	53	11	8	
ME-94	26	2	18	46	13	10	34	5	16	54	9	10	
ME-4	25	1	18	44	14	10	33	4	16	52	9	10	
WMWL	23	1	20	43	13	12	34	5	16	55	8	10	
WMWL-2	27	2	16	47	14	9	32	4	16	53	10	10	
Lonestar	25	2	18	45	14	10	35	5	15	55	8	10	
More	28	3	16	49	12	9	34	4	14	53	10	10	
Tetrastar	27	2	17	48	14	10	36	5	14	56	8	9	
MSU ARGHT	27	2	17	48	12	10	31	3	14	52	13	9	
Bruiser	30	2	16	51	11	10	34	4	15	53	9	9	
Rival	25	1	19	44	12	11	35	4	15	54	8	10	
Cold Green	28	2	15	49	14	9	35	6	18	53	6	12	
Sweet T	30	3	15	51	11	9	32	4	16	53	10	11	
MEAN	27	2	16	48	13	9	34	4	15	53	9	10	
LSD 0.05	NS -	NS	NS	NS	NS	N5	3	NS 00	NS	3	NS 00	NS	
CV %	7	28	14	6	12	15	4	22	10	3	20	13	

SMALL GRAINS VARIETY TEST

INTRODUCTION

In Mississippi, small grains (oat, wheat, rye and triticale) are not used as extensively for forage production as annual ryegrass because of lower annual DM yields. However, some small grains tend to be more drought and cold tolerant than ryegrass and can provide highly digestible forage when other forages are not available.

They can also be used for early grazing during the transition period from summer perennial grasses to annual ryegrass grazing. Cereal rye and triticale have greater cold tolerance among small grains; therefore, they have the potential to continue vegetative growth during the fall and winter months in Mississippi.

RESULTS

Small grains averaged over 4173, 6829, and 3832 lb/A of DM from two harvests at Starkville, Coffeeville and Brooksville, respectively. In general, triticale entries produced more in forage DM than oats in Starkville and Coffeeville (Tables 7 and 8), respectively, but not

I.

in Brooksville (Table 9). Forage quality declined at all locations by the second harvest, but CP generally remained above 12 % and ADF below 25% (Tables 10-12) despite the majority of the total forage being produced after the first harvest.



Table 7. Small grain production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Starkville, MS.											
		Harve									
Species	Variety	2/26/24	4/24/24	Total Yield							
		lb/A	lb/A								
Oats	Cadillac	1836	1563	3399							
	Ram	1480	1404	2884							
Triticale	Kicker	1472	2701	4173							
	Surge	1414	2283	3697							
	Trical 1143	2427	3433	5860							
	Trical 342	2622	2596	5218							
	Trical HTF	1688	1953	3642							
	Trical HTG	2126	2453	4579							
	Trical HTS	2254	1855	4109							
MEAN		1924	2249	4173							
LSD (0.05)		625	NS	NS							
CV, %		21	41	38							
Plantad: 10/17/27.	Eartilizar: 50 lb N//	(77.0.05) ofter p	lanting and the 1st	aanvast: Harbisida:							

Planted: 10/17/23; Fertilizer: 50 lb N/A (33-0-0S) after planting and the 1st harvest; Herbicide: 1 qt/A of GrazonNext® (aminopyralid & 2,4-D) after the first harvest; Soil Type: Savannah Fine Sandy Loam.

Tal	Table 8. Small grain production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Coffeeville, MS.											
		Harve										
Species	Variety	Variety 3/13/24		Total Yield								
		lb/A	lb/A									
Oats	Cadillac	3521	2712	6233								
	Ram	4081	2364	6444								
Triticale	Kicker	1601	2333	3934								
	Surge	3637	1677	5314								
	Trical 1143	4615	2369	6984								
	Trical 342	5528	3065	8592								
	Trical HTF	5739	2559	8298								
	Trical HTG	4945	2455	7400								
	Trical HTS	5503	2760	8263								
MEAN		4352	2477	6829								
LSD (0.05)		2444	757	2288								
CV, %		39	21	23								

Planted: 10/20/23; Fertilizer: 50 lb N/A (33-0-0S) after planting and the 1st harvest; Herbicide: 1 qt/A of GrazonNext® (aminopyralid & 2,4-D) after the first harvest; Soil Type: Gernada Silt Loam.

Table 9. Small grain production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Brooksville, MS.											
		Harve	Harvest Date								
Species	Variety	3/13/24	5/1/24	Total Yield							
		lb/A	lb/A								
Oats	Cadillac	1128	2910	4038							
	Ram	1501	3183	4684							
Triticale	Kicker	1116	3322	4437							
	Surge	1374	2559	3933							
	Trical 1143	1609	1264	2873							
	Trical 342	1085	1867	2951							
	Trical HTF	1864	2312	4176							
	Trical HTG	1451	2122	3574							
	Trical HTS	1901	1918	3819							
MEAN		1448	2384	3832							
LSD (0.05)		NS	751	NS							
CV, %		40	21	31							

Planted: 10/25/23; Fertilizer: 50 lb N/A (33-0-0S) after planting and the 1st harvest; Herbicide: 1 qt/A of GrazonNext® (aminopyralid & 2,4-D) after the first harvest; Soil Type: Silty Clay.

	Table 10. Forage Quality Parameters of small grain varieties in Starkville, MS.													
			Harvest Date											
				2/26/24					4/24/24					
Species	Variety		Forage Quality Parameter											
		ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP			
						% o 1	f DM							
Oats	Cadillac	19	2	23	38	9	30	4	12	56	7			
	Ram	18	2	21	37	8	28	3	11	54	6			
Triticale	Kicker	19	2	22	41	8	29	3	15	55	7			
	Surge	19	2	23	40	9	30	3	13	59	7			
	Trical 1143	24	2	21	49	8	28	3	15	56	7			
	Trical 342	22	2	22	45	8	32	4	12	63	6			
	Trical HTF	22	2	23	47	8	32	4	12	62	6			
	Trical HTG	20	2	24	42	9	29	3	14	59	7			
	Trical HTS	23	2	23	46	9	28	3	15	54	8			
MEAN		21	2	22	43	8	30	3	13	58	7			
LSD (0.05)		4	NS	NS	8	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS			
CV, %		8	10	7	8	14	10	18	22	9	15			

	Table 11. Forage Quality Parameters of small grain varieties in Coffeeville, MS.													
			Harvest Date											
				3/13/24					5/2/24					
Species	Variety		Forage Quality Parameter											
		ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP			
						% of	DM							
Oats	Cadillac	20	2	19	36	10	31	4	16	55	10			
	Ram	21	2	22	41	12	31	4	16	56	9			
Triticale	Kicker	22	2	23	45	11	32	4	19	59	11			
	Surge	24	2	21	48	11	30	4	19	56	11			
	Trical 1143	26	2	18	53	9	32	5	16	60	9			
	Trical 342	25	2	18	51	8	33	5	15	63	8			
	Trical HTF	25	2	21	49	11	33	4	16	61	9			
	Trical HTG	25	2	19	50	10	34	4	15	64	8			
	Trical HTS	24	2	21	48	11	36	5	14	65	8			
MEAN		24	2	20	47	10	33	4	16	60	9			
LSD (0.05)		3	1	NS	5	NS	NS	NS	3	4	1			
CV, %		5	9	8	5	10	4.6	11	8	3	6			

	Table 12. Forage Quality Parameters of small grain varieties in Brooksville, MS.													
			Harvest Date											
				3/13/24					5/1/24					
Species	Variety		Forage Quality Parameter											
		ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP	ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP			
						% of	f DM							
Oats	Cadillac	18	1	24	34	13	33	4	15	62	9			
	Ram	18	1	25	38	14	32	4	16	59	9			
Triticale	Kicker	19	1	27	41	14	34	4	16	63	9			
	Surge	20	1	25	43	13	35	5	15	65	9			
	Trical 1143	21	2	20	44	10	32	5	17	58	10			
	Trical 342	20	1	22	42	11	33	5	16	61	9			
	Trical HTF	22	1	23	45	12	34	4	16	64	9			
	Trical HTG	20	2	23	43	12	33	5	16	63	9			
	Trical HTS	21	1	22	43	11	31	4	16	57	9			
MEAN		20	1	23	41	12	33	5	16	61	9			
LSD (0.05)		NS	NS	3	6	2	NS	0.6	NS	4.9	NS			
CV, %		8	17	6	7	9	3.4	6	6.3	3.5	6.6			



ANNUAL COOL-SEASON LEGUME VARIETY TEST

INTRODUCTION

The addition of annual clovers may reduce some nitrogen input needs and improve the nutritive value of pastures. For this reason, they can be beneficial in Mississippi when interseeded into annual cool-season grass pastures. Crimson clover is an early-maturing clover that produces excellent forage though it has relatively poor reseeding abilities, necessitating reseeding each fall. Crimson clover will produce more forage at lower temperatures than other clovers. Ball clover is very tolerant to poor drainage, more tolerant to acidity than crimson clover, and tolerates heavy grazing while maintaining good reseeding potential. Berseem clover is tolerant of alkaline and wet soils, though most varieties are not cold tolerant. Balansa, berseem, and arrowleaf are the most late-maturing clovers.

RESULTS

On average, the lowest clover yields were observed in Starkville (Table 13) and Coffeeville (Table 14) with the greatest yields observed in Newton (Table 15). In Newton, 'Frosty' berseem produced the greatest yield, but crimson varieties produced the greatest DM yield in the other two locations. Crude protein averaged 20% between Starkville (Table 16) and Coffeeville (Table 17) with little differences among entries on a variety or species level.



Table 13. Annual clover production by harvest date and total vield (Ib/A) in Starkville. MS.				
		Harvest Date		
Species	Variety	4/24/24		
		lb/A		
Balansa	Fixation	3008		
	Viper	810		
Berseem	Frosty	3088		
Crimson	Dixie	4665		
	Kentucky Pride	3701		
Hairy Vetch	Patogonia Inta	2904		
Persian	eNhance	3703		
	Nitro	2184		
MEAN		3008		
LSD (0.05)		854		
CV, %		18		
Planted: 11/14/23; Herbicide: 3 oz pursuit; Soil Type: Savannah Fine Sandy Loam.				

Table 14. Annual clover production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Coffeeville, MS.				
		Harvest Date		
Species	Variety	5/2/24		
		lb/A		
Balansa	Fixation	4167		
	Viper	3636		
Berseem	Frosty	5538		
Crimson	Dixie	5647		
	Kentucky Pride	6044		
Hairy Vetch	Patogonia Inta	4685		
Persian	eNhance	4645		
	Nitro	3891		
MEAN		4781		
LSD (0.05)		1298		
CV, %		18		
Planted: 10/20/23; Herbicic	le: 3 oz Persuit; Soil Type: Gernada Silt Loam.			

Table 15. Annual clover production by harvest date and total yield (lb/A) in Newton, MS.				
		Harvest Date		
Species	Variety	5/2/24		
		lb/A		
Balansa	Fixation	4640		
	Viper	5216		
Berseem	Frosty	7388		
Crimson	Dixie	5894		
	Kentucky Pride	6000		
Hairy Vetch	Patogonia Inta	5209		
Persian	eNhance	6370		
	Nitro	6324		
MEAN		5880		
LSD (0.05)		NS		
CV, %		30		
Planted: 10/24/23; Herbicide: 3 o	oz pursuit; Soil Type: Prentis Sandy L	_oam.		

Table 16. Forage quality parameters of small grain varieties in Starkville, MS.						
	Variety	Harvest Date 4/24/24 Forage Quality Parameter				
Species						
		ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP
				% of DM		
Balansa	Fixation	28	6	20	32	13
	Viper	26	5	20	31	12
Berseem	Frosty	34	6	18	40	11
Crimson	Dixie	27	5	24	32	13
	Kentucky Pride	24	4	22	27	13
Hairy Vetch	Patogonia	30	5	19	36	11
Persian	eNhance	29	5	22	33	13
	Nitro	30	6	20	35	12
MEAN		29	5	21	33	12
LSD (0.05)		NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
CV, %		14	19	6	16	11

Table 17. Forage quality parameters of small grain varieties in Coffeeville, MS.						
		Harvest Date 4/24/24 Forage Quality Parameter				
Species	Variety					
		ADF	Lignin	СР	NDF	Insol CP
				% of DM		
Balansa	Fixation	38	8	23	44	14
	Viper	36	8	20	40	14
Berseem	Frosty	41	8	18	46	11
Crimson	Dixie	41	9	20	47	11
	Kentucky Pride	45	8	15	53	8
Hairy Vetch	Patogonia	36	8	20	41	12
Persian	eNhance	35	7	19	40	12
	Nitro	33	6	22	39	13
MEAN		38	8	20	44	12
LSD (0.05)		NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
CV, %		10	16	24	8.8	25

Table 18. Seed sources for the 2023-2024 annual cool-season forage variety testing program.				
Variety	Seed Company/Source	Variety	Seed Company/Source	
Alisca	Allied Seed, LLC	Ram	Ragan and Massey	
Diplomat	Allied Seed, LLC	Trical HTF	Trical Superior Forage	
Bruiser	Ampac seed company	Trical HTS	Trical Superior Forage	
Rival	Ampac seed company	Trical HTG	Trical Superior Forage	
Cold Green	Ampac seed company	Surge	Trical Superior Forage	
Sweet T	Ampac seed company	Cadillac	Trical Superior Forage	
Angusta	DLF	Trical 342	Trical Superior Forage	
Andes	DLF	Trical 1143	Trical Superior Forage	
CREDENCE	DLF	Kicker	Trical Superior Forage	
Flying A	DLF	Annual Clover		
Winterhawk	DLF	Fixation	Grassland Oregon	
Diamond T	DLF	Frosty	Grassland Oregon	
ТАМТВО	DLF	Kentucky Pride	Grassland Oregon	
Triangle T	DLF	eNhance	Grassland Oregon	
Double Diamond	DLF			
Centurion	Mountain View Seeds			
Ranahan	Mountain View Seeds			
Earlyploid	Ragan and Massey			
Prine	Ragan and Massey			
Big Boss	Smith Seed Services			
Ed	Smith Seed Services			
FrostProof	Smith Seed Services			
SELWTGA	Smith Seed Services			
Gulf	Smith Seed Services			
SELWTJUCK	Smith Seed Services			
Mantis	Smith Seed Services			
SELWDMACK	Smith Seed Services			
SELWTDWL1	Smith Seed Services			
SELWD19-12	Smith Seed Services			
SELWT19-9	Smith Seed Services			
Trinova	Smith Seed Services			
Verdure	Smith Seed Services			
Marshall	Wax Seed			
Jackson	Wax Seed			
Nelson	Wax Seed			
ME-94	Wax Seed			
ME-4	Wax Seed			
WMWL	Wax Seed			
WMWL-2	Wax Seed			



MS AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY EXPERIMENT STATION

The mission of the Mississippi Agricultural And Forestry Experiment Station and the College Of Agriculture And Life Sciences is to advance agriculture and natural resources through teaching and learning, research and discovery, service and engagement which will enhance economic prosperity and environmental stewardship, to build stronger communities and improve the health and well-being of families, and to serve people of the state, the region and the world.

Scott Willard, Director

mafes.msstate.edu

Mention of a trademark or proprietary product does not constitute a guarantee or warranty of the product by the Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station and does not imply its approval to the exclusion of other products that also may be suitable.

Mississippi State University is an equal opportunity institution. Discrimination in university employment, programs or activities based on race, color, ethnicity, sex, pregnancy, religion, national origin, disability, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, genetic information, status as a U.S. veteran, or any other status protected by applicable law is prohibited. Questions about equal opportunity programs or compliance should be directed to the Office of Civil Rights Compliance, 231 Famous Maroon Band Street, P.O. 6044, Mississippi State, MS 39762, (662) 325-5839.